

TOURISM IS AN ECONOMIC DRIVER.

TOURISTS ARE A WALKING ECONOMIC STIMULUS.

As incomes rise, consumer spending on travel has grown at an even faster rate. Tourism and hospitality outperforms all other industry clusters on employment. Destination marketing is a proven catalyst for economic development.

Since tax revenue generated by tourism flows into the General Fund, increased tourism investment generates increased funding for priority programs, including:



TRANSPORTATION



EDUCATION



PUBLIC SAFETY

RESTORING PENNSYLVANIA'S TOURISM BUDGET TO \$35 MILLION WOULD YIELD \$275 MILLION NET IN STATE TAXES OVER FOUR YEARS.

With this investment from 2017-2020: PA's tourism industry would become **COMPETITIVE** again, capturing an estimated **31.9 MILLION MORE MARKETABLE TRIPS** and generating:

\$6.7 BILLION in visitor spending

\$390 MILLION in state taxes

\$140 MILLION in local taxes

15,300 new jobs

\$2.8 BILLION in wages



EVERY \$1 INVESTED

=



\$3.43 IN TAX REVENUE

THE CASE FOR TOURISM FUNDING

Executive Summary of the 2015 study "Competitive Analysis of Pennsylvania's Tourism Budget" by Tourism Economics, a leading provider of tourism economic analysis. This report was sponsored by a coalition of over 25 Pennsylvania tourism industry stakeholders, including major associations, businesses and destination marketing organizations.

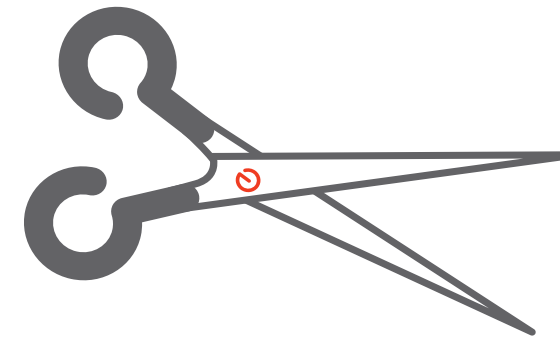
IN SIX YEARS, PENNSYLVANIA **LOST \$324 MILLION NET** IN STATE TAXES BY DEFUNDING TOURISM.

THE PROBLEM

In 2009, Pennsylvania spent \$30 million annually on tourism marketing. By 2015, that annual amount dropped below \$7.5 million of which only \$2 million is spent on a statewide level. This saved the Commonwealth \$22.5 million a year...**or did it?**

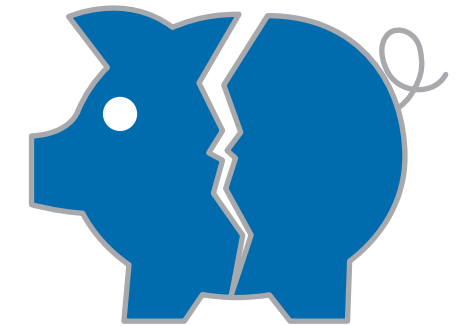
FOR EVERY DOLLAR CUT IN THE PENNSYLVANIA TOURISM BUDGET, PENNSYLVANIA LOST \$3.60 IN STATE TAXES. During this period, the state lost \$449 million in state taxes while saving only \$125 million—representing a net loss of \$324 million in taxes.

TOURISM BUDGET CUTS 2009-2014



\$125 MILLION CUT

TOURISM NET REVENUE LOST 2009-2014



\$324 MILLION LOST

THE SOLUTION

Tourists are a walking economic stimulus. By restoring Pennsylvania's tourism budget, the state will **GAIN AN ESTIMATED \$275 MILLION** in tax revenue over the next four years and recapture market share lost to competitor states.

**TOURISM IS NOT AN EXPENSE.
IT'S AN INVESTMENT IN PENNSYLVANIA.**

TOURISM INVESTMENT YIELDS JOBS & TAX REVENUE.

TOURISM IS ONE OF THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN PENNSYLVANIA, GENERATING **\$39.2 BILLION** A YEAR IN VISITOR SPENDING.

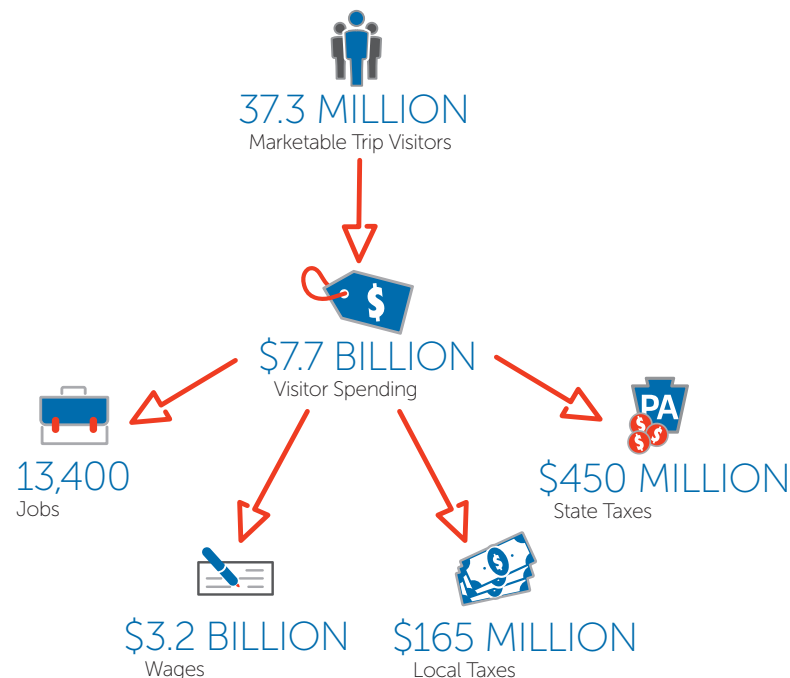
RESULTING IN

- 479,000 leisure and hospitality sector jobs, providing family-sustaining employment
- \$18.8 BILLION in labor income
- \$4.1 BILLION in state and local taxes
- Additional revenue in the general fund support priority programs.
- Replacing these taxes would raise personal taxes \$835 per household.

SINCE THE FY2010 TOURISM FUNDING CUTS, PENNSYLVANIA HAS **LOST \$7.7 BILLION** IN VISITOR SPENDING.

LOST

(2009-2014)



THESE NUMBERS ARE AN UNDERSTATEMENT.

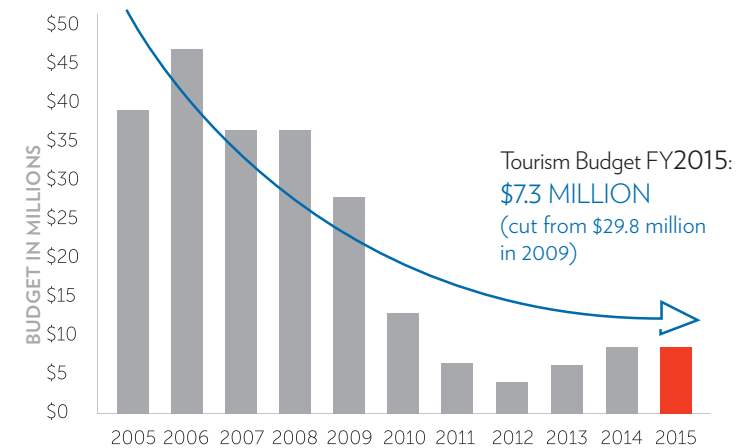
The estimated losses would be even greater if the short-term infusion of hotel revenue generated by the Marcellus Shale industry had been taken out. Also excluded is the impact of lost business for convention, group and business travel which directly benefit from tourism marketing.

FOR MORE INFORMATION AND TO ACCESS THE FULL REPORT, GO TO: www.prla.org/patourismstudy

PENNSYLVANIA IS OUTSPENT BY NEIGHBORING STATES.

PENNSYLVANIA IS NOW **LAST IN THE COUNTRY** FOR STATE TOURISM FUNDING RELATIVE TO INDUSTRY SIZE.

PA TOURISM BUDGET



PENNSYLVANIA IS OUTSPENT 5:1 BY NEW YORK, 3:1 BY VIRGINIA AND 2.5:1 BY WASHINGTON, DC.

Before the tourism budget cuts, Pennsylvania's funding was among the top-10 in the U.S., competitive with Florida and Michigan, and highest among regional competitors.

PENNSYLVANIA NOW RANKS 36TH FOR TOURISM FUNDING, THE THIRD-LOWEST OF THE NINE-STATE COMPETITIVE REGION AND LAST RELATIVE TO INDUSTRY SIZE.

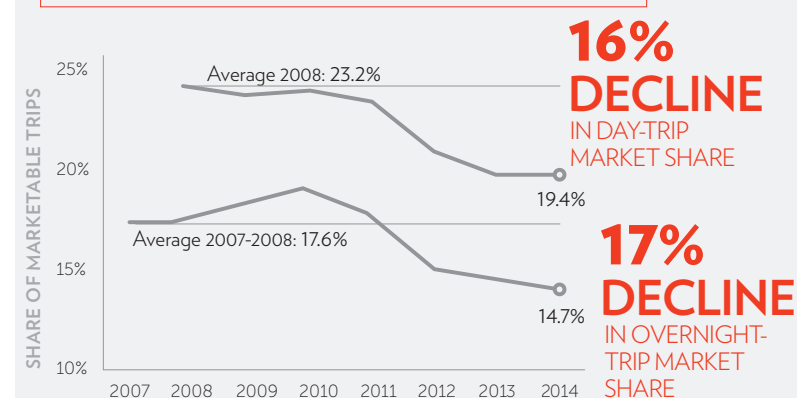
PENNSYLVANIA IS LOSING MARKET SHARE TO NEIGHBORING STATES.

NOW VISITORS ARE **GOING ELSEWHERE** IN THE NINE-STATE REGION.*

*Region of direct competitors: New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Ohio, West Virginia, District of Columbia and Pennsylvania

DOMESTIC

PA MARKET SHARE AMONG COMPETITIVE STATES



INTERNATIONAL

24% DECLINE in PA market share of overseas visitors to the U.S. (2009-2014)
\$340 MILLION LOST in overseas visitor spending

OVERSEAS VISITATION GROWTH

(2009-2014)
 U.S. **+45%**
 PA **+10%**
 Not even **1/4** the national growth rate

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